Norwegian on the Web



Olaf Husby - Crina Leon

Norwegian speech sounds compared to Romanian



Romanian and Norwegian speech sounds compared

Below you will find a comparison between Norwegian (NO) and Romanian (ROM) speech sounds, that is consonants, vowels and diphthongs.

Consonants

The column **Consonant** in the table below demonstrates Norwegian consonant sounds of Central East Norwegian. Column 2 and 3 show words of Norwegian (NO) and Romanian (ROM) that sound similar or quite similar. The words may have different meanings. In these words the consonants in question are used. The degree of similarity is indicated by +, \sim or - in the column **Overlap**:

- + The Norwegian consonant is *quite similar* to the Romanian one
- ~ The Norwegian consonant is to a certain extent similar to the Romanian one
- The Norwegian consonant has no counterpart in Romanian

Romanian consonants of the first two categories may be used when speaking Norwegian. Use of the second category implies stronger degree of foreign accent.

| Consonant | Norwegian | Romanian | Overlap | Comments |
|--------------|-----------|----------|---------|-----------------------------|
| /p/ | pass | pas | ~ | Unaspirated in ROM |
| /b/ | banan | banan | + | |
| /t/ | test | test | ~ | Unaspirated in ROM |
| /d/ | da | da | + | |
| /t/ | | | _ | |
| /d/ | | | _ | |
| /k/ | kald | cal | ~ | Unaspirated in ROM |
| /g/ | golf | golf | + | |
| /m/ | minne | mină | + | |
| /n/ | når | nor | + | |
| /n/ | | | - | |
| /ŋ/ | bank | banc | + | Only before /k/, /g/ in ROM |
| /f/ | fokk | foc | + | |
| /u/ | vinn | vin | + | |
| /s/ | sekk | sec | + | |
| /ʃ/ | sjanse | şansă | + | |
| /ç/ | - | - | - | |
| /j/ | ja | ia | + | |
| /h/ | hall | hal | + | |
| /r/ | rabatt | rabat | + | |
| /\/ | fell | fel | + | |
| / <u>/</u> / | | | _ | |

Below you will find the same data in a shorter version using colour codes:

White: The Norwegian consonant is quite close to the Romanian one

Grey: The Norwegian consonant overlaps to some degree with the Romanian one

Black: The Norwegian consonant has no counterpart in Romanian

| р | b | t | d | t | d | k | g | I | ι | r |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| m | n | η | ŋ | f | υ | s | ſ | Ç | j | h |

The speech sounds in black and grey cells are sounds that Romanian-speaking students should practice more in order to obtain a proper pronunciation of Norwegian.

Romanian: p. 2 of 4



Romanian: p. 3 of 4

Vowels

The column Vowel in the table below demonstrates Norwegian vowel sounds of Central East Norwegian. Column 2 and 3 show words of Norwegian (NO) and Romanian (ROM) that sound similar or quite similar. The words may have different meanings. In these words the vowels in question are used. The degree of similarity is indicated by +, ~ or – in the column **Overlap**:

- The Norwegian vowel is *quite similar* to the Romanian one
- The Norwegian vowel is to a certain extent similar to the Romanian one
- The Norwegian vowel has *no counterpart* in Romanian

Romanian vowels of the first two categories may be used when speaking Norwegian. Use of the second category implies stronger degree of foreign accent.

| Vowel | Norwegian | Romanian | Overlap | Comments | | |
|-------|-----------|----------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| /i/ | viss | vis | ~ | ROM /i/ is longer than NO /i/ | | |
| /i:/ | vin | vin | ~ | ROM /i/ is shorter than NO /i:/ | | |
| /y/ | | | _ | | | |
| /y:/ | | | - | | | |
| /e/ | fell | fel | ~ | ROM /e/ is longer than NO /e/ | | |
| /eː/ | se | se | ~ | ROM /e/ is shorter than NO /e:/ | | |
| /ø/ | løss | loess | ~ | In a few loanwords only. ROM /ø/ is | | |
| | | | | longer than NO /ø/ | | |
| /ø:/ | blø | bleu | ~ | In a few loanwords only. ROM /ø/ is | | |
| | | | | shorter than NO /ø:/ | | |
| /æ/ | | | 1 | | | |
| /æ:/ | | | _ | | | |
| /a/ | land | lan | ~ | ROM /a/ is between NO /g/ and /æ/ | | |
| | | | | ROM /a/ is longer than NO /a/ | | |
| /a:/ | la | la | ~ | ROM /a/ is between NO /g/ and /æ/ | | |
| | | | | ROM /a/ is shorter than NO /ɑ:/ | | |
| /u/ | | | _ | | | |
| /uː/ | | | _ | | | |
| /u/ | ond | un | ~ | ROM /u/ is longer than NO /u/ | | |
| /uː/ | to | tu | ~ | ROM /u/ is shorter than NO /u:/ | | |
| /o/ | kost | cost | ~ | ROM /o/ is longer than NO /o/ | | |
| /o:/ | år | or | ~ | ROM /o/ is shorter than NO /o:/ | | |

ROM vowels are in general longer than short NO vowels, and shorter than long NO vowels. The Romanian letter < ă > represents [ə], so-called "slapp e" - ("lax e") in Norwegian, cf. ROM "mină" -NO "minne".

The table above is presented below in a shorter version using colour codes:

White: The Norwegian vowel is quite close to the Romanian one

The Norwegian vowel overlaps to some degree with the Romanian one Grey:

The Norwegian vowel has no counterpart in Romanian Black:

| i | е | æ | a | у | u | Ø | u | 0 |
|----|----|----|----|------------|----------------|----|----|----|
| i: | e: | æː | a: | y ː | u : | ø: | u: | o: |

The sounds in black and grey cells are speech sounds that Romanian-speaking students should practice more in order to obtain a proper pronunciation of Norwegian. Observe that /æ/ and /ɑ/ are two different sounds in Norwegian. The Romanian /a/ is somewhere in between, maybe a little closer to Norwegian /a/.



Romanian: p. 4 of 4

Diphthongs

The column **Diphthong** in the table below demonstrates Norwegian diphthongs of Central East Norwegian. Column 2 and 3 show words of Norwegian (NO) and Romanian (ROM) that sound similar or quite similar. The words may have different meanings. In these words the diphthongs in question are used. The degree of similarity is indicated by +, \sim or - in the column **Overlap**:

- The Norwegian diphthong is quite similar to the Romanian one
- The Norwegian diphthong is to a certain extent similar to the Romanian one
- The Norwegian diphthong has *no counterpart* in Romanian

Romanian diphthongs of the first two categories may be used when speaking Norwegian. Use of the second category implies stronger degree of foreign accent.

| Diphthong | Norwegian | Romanian | Overlap | Comments | |
|-------------------|-----------|----------|---------|---|--|
| /ai/ | hai | hai | ~ | ROM /a/ is between NO /a/ and /æ/ | |
| /æi/ | lei | lei | ~ | ROM /ei/, Norwegian /æi/ | |
| /øy/ | - | - | _ | | |
| /æu/ | - | - | _ | | |
| /oy/ | boikott | boicot | + | NO /o/ is somewhat shorter than the ROM | |
| /uy/ | oi | ui | + | Rare in NO | |
| / u y/ | - | - | _ | Rare in NO | |

The table above is presented below in a shorter version using colour codes:

White: The Norwegian diphthong is quite close to the Romanian one

Grey: The Norwegian diphthong overlaps to some degree with the Romanian one

The Norwegian diphthong has no counterpart in Romanian Black:

| /ai/ /ei/ /øy/ /æu/ /oy/ /uy/ /uy/ |
|------------------------------------|
|------------------------------------|

The sounds in black and grey cells are speech sounds that Romanian-speaking students should practice more in order to obtain a proper pronunciation of Norwegian.